Financial Statements of

# **SCIENCE NORTH**

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon

Year ended March 31, 2023

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements of Science North are the responsibility of Science North's management and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, including the 4200 series of standards, as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. A summary of the significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to these financial statements. The preparation of the financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgement, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

Science North's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

The Board of Trustees meets with management and the external auditors to review the financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the financial statements.

The financial statements have been audited by KPMG LLP, independent external auditors appointed by Science North. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on Science North's financial statements.

Director of Finance June 27, 2023



KPMG LLP Times Square 1760 Regent Street, Unit 4 Sudbury ON P3E 3Z8 Canada Tel 705-675-8500 Fax 705-675-7586

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honourable Minister of Tourism, Culture and Sport, the Province of Ontario and the Board of Trustees of Science North

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Science North (the "Entity"), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023
- the statement of operations and changes in fund balances for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and the notes and schedule to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements")

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at March 31, 2023, and its results of operations, its changes in remeasurement gains and losses and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibility under those standards are further described in the *"Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements"* section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Page 2

# Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, internal omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.



Page 3

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to the events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity's to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants Sudbury, Canada June 27, 2023

Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

		2023		2022
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash	\$	3,065,417	\$	5,798,825
Short-term investments (note 2)		2,029,893		1,910,492
Accounts receivable		8,708,166		5,228,431
Prepayments and inventory		927,580		1,354,037
		14,731,056		14,291,785
Restricted investments (note 2)		8,139,433		8,058,042
Capital assets (note 3)		40,646,077		35,761,878
	\$	63,516,566	\$	58,111,705
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Current liabilities:	¢	4 077 270	¢	4 421 727
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	4,077,278	\$	4,431,737
	\$	4,077,278 2,148,447 6,225,725	\$	4,431,737 2,439,138 6,870,875
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,148,447	\$	2,439,138
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue (note 4)	\$	2,148,447 6,225,725	\$	2,439,138 6,870,875
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue (note 4)	\$	2,148,447 6,225,725 1,075,837	\$	2,439,138 6,870,875 1,075,837
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue (note 4) Loans payable (note 5)	\$	2,148,447 6,225,725 1,075,837	\$	2,439,138 6,870,875 1,075,837
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue (note 4) Loans payable (note 5) Fund balances: General Capital asset	\$	2,148,447 6,225,725 1,075,837 7,301,562 2,991,083 40,970,040	\$	2,439,138 6,870,875 1,075,837 7,946,712 2,937,543 34,686,041
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue (note 4) Loans payable (note 5) Fund balances: General	\$	2,148,447 6,225,725 1,075,837 7,301,562 2,991,083	\$	2,439,138 6,870,875 1,075,837 7,946,712 2,937,543
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue (note 4) Loans payable (note 5) Fund balances: General Capital asset	\$	2,148,447 6,225,725 1,075,837 7,301,562 2,991,083 40,970,040	\$	2,439,138 6,870,875 1,075,837 7,946,712 2,937,543 34,686,041

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

Chair, Board of Trustees

ribe

Chief Executive Officer

Statement of Operations and Changes in Fund Balances

Year ended March 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

		Gene	eral	Capit	al As	set	Restricted and	Endowment		Total		
	2023	:	2022	2023		2022	2023	2022		2023		2022
Revenue:												
Province of Ontario grants:												
Operating \$	6,828,900		,012,640	\$ -	\$	-	\$ - \$	-	\$	6,828,900	\$	13,012,640
Specific	3,628,584		,263,580	3,049,687		3,180,043	-	-		6,678,271		5,443,623
Government of Canada grants	4,453,010	2	,102,408	4,203,315		1,878,314	-	-		8,656,325		3,980,722
Other Government grants	230,000		4,832	635,000		125,000	-	-		865,000		129,832
Admissions (schedule)	2,379,292		893,880	-		-	-	-		2,379,292		893,880
Workshops and events	1,264,459	1	,018,179	-		-	-	-		1,264,459		1,018,179
Memberships	524,014		239,411	-		-	-	-		524,014		239,411
Business operations (schedule)	3,034,959	3	,558,343	-		-	-	-		3,034,959		3,558,343
Fundraising and donations	509,267		485,862	2,009,521		275,410	252,373	66,829	9	2,771,161		828,101
Interest earned	241,534		26,582	-		-	144,763	175,229	9	386,297		201,811
Other	311,390		56,161	12,508		-	-	-		323,898		56,161
	23,405,409	23	,661,878	9,910,031		5,458,767	397,136	242,058	3	33,712,576		29,362,703
Expenses (note 12):												
Science program (schedule)	12,385,032	7	,814,867	-		-	-	-		12,385,032		7,814,867
Business operations (schedule)	3,747,740	4	,186,104	-		-	-	-		3,747,740		4,186,104
Maintenance and building	2,124,910	1	,832,135	-		-	-	-		2,124,910		1,832,135
Administrative operations	2,715,094	3	,230,926	-		-	-	-		2,715,094		3,230,926
Marketing and development	1,952,852	1	,560,428	-		-	-	-		1,952,852		1,560,428
Program technical support	718,976		781,835	-		-	-	-		718,976		781,835
Amortization of capital assets	-		-	4,017,961		5,120,943	-	-		4,017,961		5,120,943
	23,644,604	19	,406,295	4,017,961		5,120,943	-	-		27,662,565		24,527,238
Excess (deficiency) of revenue												
over expenses	(239,195)	4	,255,583	5,892,070		337,824	397,136	242,058	3	6,050,011		4,835,465
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,937,543	2	,415,352	34,686,041		34,230,911	12,541,409	8,683,26	5	50,164,993		45,329,528
Transfers for capital	(16,269)		(18,674)	391,929		117,306	(375,660)	(98,632	2)	-		-
Interfund transfers (note 7)	309,004	(3	,714,718)	-		-	(309,004)	3,714,718	3	-		-
Fund balances, end of year \$	2,991,083	\$ 2	,937,543	\$ 40,970,040	\$	34,686,041	\$ 12,253,881 \$	12,541,409	9 \$	56,215,004	\$	50,164,993

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

	2023	2022
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities:		
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 6,050,011 \$	4,835,465
Adjustment for:		
Amortization of capital assets	4,017,961	5,120,943
	10,067,972	9,956,408
Changes in non-cash working capital (note 11)	(3,698,428)	(1,460,927)
	6,369,544	8,495,481
Financing activities:		
Principal repayment of loans payable	-	(271,833)
Capital activities:		
Purchase of capital assets	(8,902,160)	(5,304,240)
Investing activities:		
Net restricted acquisition/dispositions of investments	(200,792)	(153,427)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(2,733,408)	2,765,981
Cash, beginning of year	5,798,825	3,032,844
Cash, end of year	\$ 3,065,417 \$	5,798,825

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2023

Science North (the "Organization") is an Ontario Organization established as a Science Centre Organization under the Science North Act of the Province of Ontario. The Organization is a registered charity and is exempt from income taxes under the Income Tax Act.

#### 1. Significant accounting policies:

(a) Basis of presentation:

These financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the unrestricted, capital and restricted and endowed funds of Science North.

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards including the 4200 standards for government not-for-profit organizations. A statement of remeasurement gains and losses has not been included as there are no matters to report therein.

(b) Revenue recognition:

The Organization follows the restricted fund method of accounting. Under this method, the following principles have been applied:

- Contributions are recorded as revenue in the respective funds based on their nature, source and the restrictions stipulated by the donor.
- Contributions including pledges and donations are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amounts can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.
- Revenue on contracts is recognized using the percentage-of-completion method. The percentage is determined by relating the actual cost of work performed to date to the current estimated total cost for each contract. Unearned advances are deferred. Projected losses, if any, are recognized immediately for accounting purposes.
- Revenue from film distribution and license / lease arrangements is recognized only when
  persuasive evidence of a sale or arrangement with a customer exists, the film is complete
  and the contractual delivery arrangements have been satisfied, the arrangement fee is
  fixed or determinable, collection of the arrangement fee is reasonably assured and other
  conditions as specified in the respective agreements have been met.
- Cash received in advance of meeting the revenue recognition criteria described above is recorded as deferred revenue.
- (c) Investments:

The short-term and restricted investments consist of bonds and coupons and are recorded at amortized cost.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2023

#### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(d) Capital assets:

With the exception of the Bell Grove land, which is recorded at nominal value, capital assets are stated at cost or fair market value if donated.

Amortization on buildings is provided on the declining-balance basis at an annual rate of 5%.

Amortization on exhibits and equipment is provided on the straight-line basis at annual rates ranging from 5% to 20%.

Amortization on large format films, when available for use, is provided in proportion that current revenue bears to management's estimate of revenue expected from the film.

(e) Inventory:

Inventory consists of food and retail items. Inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the normal course of business operations.

(f) Financial instruments:

The Organization classifies its financial instruments as either fair value or amortized cost. The Organization's accounting policy for each category is as follows:

Fair Value

This category includes equity instruments and mutual funds quoted in an active market. At March 31, 2023 there are no investments designated at fair value.

Financial instruments classified as fair value are initially recognized at cost and subsequently carried at fair value. Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses until they are realized, when they are transferred to the Statement of Operations.

Transaction costs related to financial instruments classified as fair value are expensed as incurred.

Where a decline in fair value is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is removed from accumulated remeasurement gains and losses and recognized in the Statement of Operations. On sale, the amount held in accumulated remeasurement gains and losses associated with that instrument is removed and recognized in the Statement of Operations.

#### Amortized cost

This category includes its fixed income portfolio, accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Financial instruments classified as amortized cost are initially recognized at cost and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses on financial assets, except for contributions, which are initially recognized at fair value.

Transaction costs related to financial instruments classified as amortized cost are added to the carrying value of the instrument.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2023

#### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(f) Financial instruments (continued):

Write-downs on financial assets classified as amortized cost are recognized when the amount of a loss is known with sufficient precision, and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Financial assets are then written down to net recoverable value with the write-down being recognized in the Statement of Operations.

(g) Employee future benefits:

The Organization has defined contribution plans providing pension benefits. The cost of the defined contribution plans is recognized based on the contributions required to be made during each year.

(h) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards, including the 4200 standards for government not-for-profit organizations, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Areas of key estimation include determination of fair value for investments, allowance for doubtful accounts, amortization of capital assets and estimated costs and timing of asset retirement obligations.

Financial instruments are classified into value hierarchy levels 1, 2 or 3 for the purposes of describing the basis of inputs used to determine the fair market value of those amounts recorded at fair value as described below:

- Level 1 Fair value measurements are those derived from unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Fair value measurements are those derived from observable or corroborated inputs, other than level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets or market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities; and
- Level 3 Fair value measurements are those derived from unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets and liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2023

#### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(i) Asset retirement obligations:

The Organization recognizes the fair value of an Asset Retirement Obligation ("ARO") when all of the following criteria have been met:

- There is a legal obligation to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset;
- The past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred;
- It is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- A reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

A liability for asset retirement obligations has not been recorded in these financial statements. Give the nature of the assets, the age of the facilities and the remediation work completed to date it was determined there is no further legal obligation on the part of the Organization to complete remediation efforts.

#### 2. Investments:

	2023	2022
Short-term investments Restricted investments	\$ 2,029,893 8,139,433	\$ 1,910,492 8,058,042
	\$ 10,169,326	\$ 9,968,534

The investments are recorded at amortized cost and include the following:

	2023	2022
Cash and short-term investments Fixed income Mutual funds	\$  148,260 10,014,316 6,750	\$ 335,663 9,626,121 6,750
	\$ 10,169,326	\$ 9,968,534

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2023

## 3. Capital assets:

2023	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
Land and buildings:			
Bell Grove	\$ 58,756,969	\$ 37,948,895	\$ 20,808,074
Dynamic Earth	17,962,936	8,095,356	9,867,580
Exhibits and equipment:			
Bell Grove	17,291,197	15,176,522	2,114,675
Dynamic Earth	9,466,212	7,984,698	1,481,514
Travelling exhibits	9,598,289	6,406,664	3,191,625
Large format film	11,094,681	7,912,072	3,182,609
	\$ 124,170,284	\$ 83,524,207	\$40,646,077

2022		Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
Land and buildings:				
Bell Grove	\$	58,325,299	\$ 36,860,555	\$ 21,464,744
Dynamic Earth	·	14,575,261	7,638,114	6,937,147
Exhibits and equipment:				
Bell Grove		21,401,175	19,444,486	1,956,689
Dynamic Earth		8,650,356	7,573,745	1,076,611
Travelling exhibits		9,614,903	7,148,235	2,466,668
Large format film		9,471,621	7,611,602	1,860,019
	\$	122,038,615	\$ 86,276,737	\$ 35,761,878

### 4. Deferred revenue:

	2023	2022
Grants	\$ 309,400	\$ 763,365
Memberships and workshops	1,119,270	767,825
Exhibit and theatre production	393,723	434,421
Other	326,054	473,527
	\$ 2,148,447	\$ 2,439,138

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2023

## 4. Deferred revenue (continued):

Details of the continuity of these funds are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 2,439,138	\$ 3,097,710
Additional contributions received Amounts taken to revenue Amounts returned to funder	495,187 (785,878 -	2,167,296 ) (1,460,513) (1,365,355)
	\$ 2,148,447	\$ 2,439,138

### 5. Loans payable:

		Principal	Outs	tanding	
		2023		2022	Payment Terms
Province of Ontario:					
IMAX Theatre	\$	75,837	\$	75,837	50% of average annual IMAX Theatre profits, if any, for previous two fiscal years.
Wings Over the North	1,000,000		1,000,000	One third of remaining distribution profits received by Science North once a third party contributor has recouped its investment against such profits.	
Total	1	,075,837		1,075,837	
Less current portion of loans payable		_		_	
	\$ 1	,075,837	\$	1,075,837	

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### 6. Restricted and endowment funds:

The restricted and endowment funds are comprised of the following:

	2023	2022
Externally restricted:		
Capital renewal fund	\$ 3,434,976	\$ 3,374,354
Program and exhibit funds	1,511,398	1,243,946
Endowment fund	46,392	45,382
	4,992,766	4,663,682
Internally restricted:		
Funds:		
Operating reserve fund	894,119	1,158,314
Insurance reserve	1,723,904	1,693,481
Waterfront development	432,443	424,812
Human resources	119,870	117,753
Funded reserves	8,163,102	8,058,042
Other	812,497	825,463
Program and exhibit funds	301,567	301,567
Replacement of capital assets	2,182,439	2,450,202
Human resources	794,276	879,135
	4,090,779	4,456,367
	\$ 12,253,881	\$ 12,514,409

#### 7. Interfund transfers:

The interfund transfers are comprised of:

- (a) net assets of \$932,318 (2022 \$Nil) which were internally allocated between the General Fund and the Restricted Fund, to cover certain general fund purchases;
- (b) net assets of \$152,500 (2022 \$1,773,174) which were internally allocated between the General Fund and the Restricted Fund for capital acquisitions (future capital acquisitions); and
- (c) net assets of \$470,814 (2022 \$1,941,544) which were internally allocated between the General Fund and the Restricted Fund to cover future operational expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2023

### 8. Change in accounting policies:

On April 1, 2022, the Organization adopted Public Accounting Standard PS 3280 – *Asset Retirement Obligations*. The new accounting standard addresses the reporting of legal obligations associated with the retirement of certain tangible capital assets, such as asbestos removal in facilities. The standard was adopted on the modified retrospective basis at the date of adoption. Under the modified retrospective method, the assumptions used on initial recognition are those as of the date of adoption of the standard.

In accordance with the provisions of this new standard, the Organization completed an analysis of all facilities, capital assets and lease agreements and determined there was no asset retirement obligations that existed as of April 1, 2022.

### 9. Risk management:

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations, resulting in a financial loss. The Organization is exposed to credit risk relating to its cash, grants and accounts receivable and current and long-term investments. The Organization holds its cash accounts with federally regulated chartered banks who are insured by the Canadian Deposit Insurance Corporation. In the event of default, the Organization's cash accounts are insured up to \$100,000 (2022 - \$100,000).

Accounts receivable are comprised of government and other receivables. Government receivables are ultimately due primarily from the Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport, as well as other government entities, and credit risk is mitigated by the governmental nature of the funding source. Other receivables arise during the course of the Organization's normal operations and are due from a diverse customer base. The Organization measures its exposure to credit risk based on how long the amounts have been outstanding. An impairment allowance is set up based on the Organization's historical experience regarding collections.

The maximum exposure to credit risk of the Organization at March 31, 2023 is the carrying value of these assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

### 9. Risk management (continued):

### (a) Credit risk (continued):

The amounts outstanding at year end were as follows:

As at	1 - 90	91 - 180	181 - 270	270+	
March 31, 2023	days	days	days	days	Total
Grants receivable	\$ 3,884,935	\$2,546,703	\$ 573,556	. ,	\$ 7,646,515
Accounts receivables	806,487	163,998	_	221,505	1,191,990
Gross receivables	4,691,422	2,710,701	573,556	862,826	8,838,505
Impairment allowances	-	_	(8,834)	) (121,505)	(130,339)
Net receivables	\$ 4,691,422	\$2,710,701	\$ 564,722	\$ 741,321	\$ 8,708,166
As at	1 - 90	91 - 180	181 - 270	270+	
March 31, 2022	days	days	days	days	Total
Onente ne estadale	¢ 0.000.400	¢4 740 000	¢ 0.700	¢	¢ 4 0 4 5 0 5 7
Grants receivable	\$ 2,929,196	\$1,713,332	\$ 2,729	\$ -	\$ 4,645,257
Accounts receivables	512,054	217,493	1,300	_	730,847
Gross receivables	3,441,250	1,930,825	4,029	_	5,376,104
Impairment allowances	-	(146,373)	(1,300)	_	(147,673)
Net receivables	\$3,441,250	\$1,784,452	\$ 2,729	\$ -	\$ 5,228,431

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the Organization's exposure to credit risk or its policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2023

#### 9. Risk management:

(b) Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of market factors. Market factors include three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and equity risk.

The investment policies of the Organization operate within the constraints of the investment guidelines approved by the Board of Directors. The policies' application is monitored by management and the Board of Directors. Diversification techniques are utilized to minimize risk.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the Organization's exposure to market risk or its policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

(i) Currency risk:

Currency risk arises from the Organization's operations in different currencies and converting non-Canadian earnings at different points in time at different foreign currency levels when adverse changes in foreign currency rates occur. The Organization does not have any material transactions or financial instruments denominated in foreign currencies.

(ii) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the potential for financial loss caused by fluctuations in fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments because of changes in market interest rates. The Organization is exposed to this risk through its interest-bearing investments and long-term debt.

(c) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will not be able to meet all of its cash outflow obligations as they come due. The Organization mitigates this risk by monitoring cash activities and expected outflows through extensive budgeting and maintaining investments that may be converted to cash in the near-term if unexpected cash outflows arise. Accounts payable are all current and the terms of the long-term debt are disclosed in note 3.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the Organization's exposure to liquidity risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2023

### 9. Risk management:

(c) Liquidity risk (continued):

The following table sets out the contractual maturities (representing undiscounted contractual cash flows) of financial liabilities:

As at March 31, 2023	Within 6 months		6 - 12 months		1 - 5 years		5+ years	Total
Accounts payable Long-term debt	\$ 2,849,836 _	\$	763,285 –	\$	347,564 _	\$	116,594 1,075,837	\$ 4,077,277 1,075,837
	\$ 2,849,836	\$	763,285	\$	347,564	\$	1,192,431	\$ 5,153,114
As at March 31, 2022	Within 6 months		6 - 12 months		1 - 5 vears		5+ years	Total
Accounts payable		\$	503,860	\$	,	\$	64,480	\$ 4,431,737
Long-term debt	- • 0.644.000	<u>ф</u>	-	¢	-	¢	1,075,837	1,075,837
	\$ 2,644,389	\$	503,860	\$	1,219,008	\$	1,140,317	\$ 5,507,574

### 10. Employee future benefits:

The contributions to the defined contribution pension plans were \$529,544 (2022 - \$569,699).

### 11. Change in non-cash operating working capital:

	2023	2022
Cash provided by (used in):		
Increase in accounts receivable	\$ (3,479,735)	\$(2,235,484)
Decrease increase in prepayments and inventory	426,458	(127,811)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		
and accrued liabilities	(354,460)	1,560,942
Decrease in deferred revenue	(290,691)	(658,574)
	\$ (3,698,428)	\$(1,460,927)

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2023

## 12. Expenses by object:

	2023	2022
Salaries and benefits	\$ 11,030,567	\$ 9,552,693
Program delivery	6,549,181	3,695,069
Maintenance and utilities	1,637,926	1,250,534
Administration	1,441,952	1,492,137
Cost of programming and products	978,243	2,188,914
Marketing and communications	767,728	568,104
Restaurant and food services	418,685	91,436
Gift shop and retail	365,992	192,478
Fleet and security	214,763	220,615
Occupancy and leasing costs	122,993	115,280
Fundraising and membership development	116,575	39,035
	\$ 23,644,605	\$ 19,406,295

Schedule of General Fund Revenues and Expenditures

Year ended March 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

		2023		2022
Admissions:				- <i>- </i>
Science Centre	\$	1,512,494	\$	617,611
Dynamic Earth		607,431		250,500
IMAX Theatre		177,905		19,798
Planetarium		81,462		5,971
	\$	2,379,292	\$	893,880
Business operations:				
Exhibit and theatre production sales	\$	1,654,812	\$	2,910,258
Food and Retail		1,303,346		641,350
Film production services		1,074		6,735
Parking		75,727		-
	\$	3,034,959	\$	3,558,343
Science program:				
Science Centre operations	\$	3,517,703	\$	2,711,888
Education and Northern programs	Ψ	8,281,835	Ψ	4,232,046
Dynamic Earth operations		585,494		870,933
		000,101		010,000
	\$	12,385,032	\$	7,814,867
Business operations:				
Cost of exhibit sales	\$	1,521,558	\$	2,669,098
Food and Retail		1,366,482		559,101
Box office and sales		583,151		395,057
IMAX Theatre		218,919		22,204
Cost of film services		24,450		437,456
Planetarium		33,180		103,188
	\$	3,747,740	\$	4,186,104